Figurative Language		
Term	Definition	Example
Simile	Compares using "like" or "as"	Busy <u>as</u> a bee.
Metaphor	Compares without using like or as	You are what you eat.
Personification	Human characteristics to animal or object	My teddy bear takes a bubble bath.

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Term	Definition	Example
Alliteration	Repeats initial letter or sound	She sells seashells by the seashore.
Onomatopoeia	Imitates natural sounds	Snap, crackle, pop
Hyperbole	Exaggerates	Pancakes a mile high

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On Day 3 the teacher will make two adjustments to the review process. The teacher will remove the example, forcing the students to recall it using only the visual cue and definition. Also, the teacher will inform the students that the tempo for reciting the chart will be faster because that will help them remember more efficiently.

Figurative Language		
Term	Definition	Example
Simile	Compares using "like" or "as"	
Metaphor	Compares without using like or as	

Term	Definition	Example
Personification	Human characteristics to animal or object	
Alliteration	Repeats initial letter or sound	
POS SAL		
Onomatopoeia	Imitates natural sounds	
Hyperbole	Exaggerates	

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On Day 4 the teacher will eliminate the definitions, forcing the students to recall another aspect of the chart using only the visual cue and the example. The teacher will again increase the tempo.

Figurative Language		
Term	Definition	Example
Simile		Busy <u>as</u> a bee.

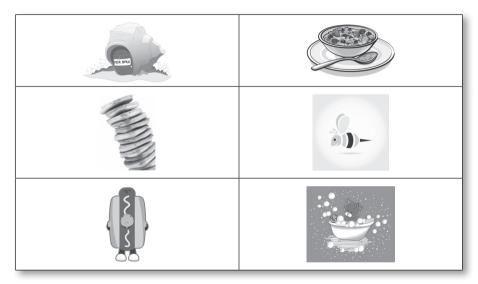
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Term	Definition	Example
Metaphor		You are what you eat.
Personification		My teddy bear takes a
		bubble bath.
Alliteration		She sells seashells by the
FOR SMS		seashore.
Onomatopoeia		Snap, crackle, pop
Hyperbole		Pancakes a mile high

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On Day 5 the teacher removes the definitions and the example and has the students recite the chart using only the visual cue. That means whenever students do figurative language in the future, all they have to do is remember the picture to bring back the definitions and the examples. Then have the students repeat the chart, first at a slow rate of speed, then faster, and faster, until they have exhausted their limits. It is clear that this approach meets all the rules for achieving long-term potentiation because it provided repetition, reduced language, and brain-based strategies.

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The second step is to identify principles and applications in the standards. From the first day of teaching figurative language, the teacher begins to teach concepts related to each example of figurative language with the goal of increasing students comfort not only with recognizing different forms but in utilizing them as well. This is where the teacher applies strategies related to embodied cognition. See the example provided below.

The teacher shows the class the following picture and asks them what figurative language they will be covering today in class.